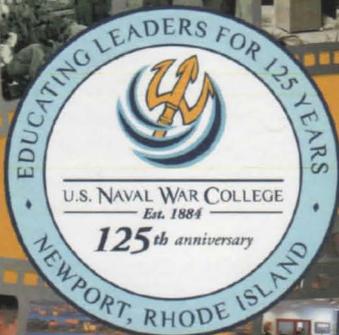
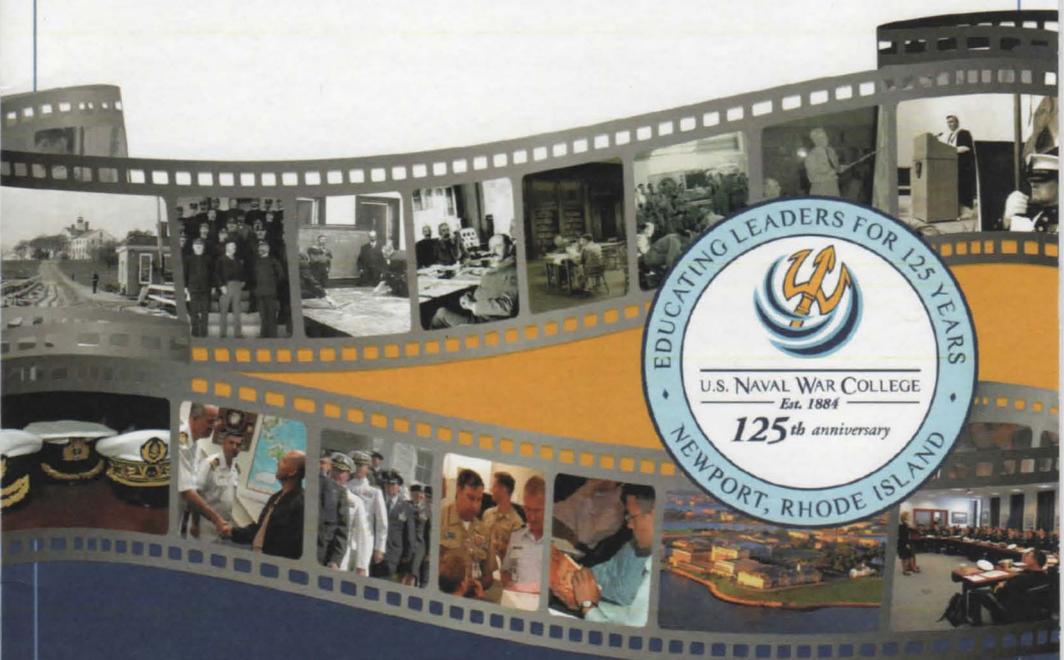




U.S. NAVAL WAR COLLEGE  
*Est. 1884*  
NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND

# Graduation Ceremony

3 February 2010



*Educating Leaders*  
for **125** Years



## HISTORY OF THE U.S. NAVAL WAR COLLEGE

Founded in Newport, Rhode Island, on October 6, 1884, the Naval War College is the oldest war college in the nation, and the first military service institution in the world to be designated a war college. Commodore Stephen B. Luce was the first president and organized the War College as "a place of original research on all questions relating to war and the statesmanship connected with war, or the prevention of war." These foundations were built upon by Captain Alfred Thayer Mahan, second president of the College, who had originally been selected by Luce to initiate the course in Naval History. Of all the men who were to influence the institution in its early years, none was to have a more profound impact. Mahan's views deeply affected such leaders as Henry Cabot Lodge and Theodore Roosevelt and through them and others helped shape the United States' destiny at the turn of the century. Mahan's writings, published as *The Influence of Seapower Upon History, 1660-1783*, gained him worldwide acclaim and established the Naval War College as an internationally respected institution.

Functioning continuously since 1884, except for brief periods during the Spanish-American War and World War I, the War College numbers among its graduates such distinguished naval officers as Admirals Sims, Spruance, King, Nimitz, and Halsey, in addition to many others who today are holding prominent military positions.

The work begun more than one hundred years ago by Luce and Mahan continues today. As graduates well know, the curriculum is both demanding and rewarding. For the military professional, the unique education provided by the Naval War College is unrivaled. In recognition of the academic rigor and educational excellence of its program, the Naval War College was accredited in 1991 by the New England Association of Schools and Colleges to award a Master of Arts Degree in National Security and Strategic Studies.

## THE ACADEMIC PROCESSION AND REGALIA

For centuries, institutions of higher learning have dignified their ceremonies with an academic procession, a custom descending from the clerical procession. The procession is led by a marshal, followed by the student body and the academicians or faculty, attired in the robes prescribed for their respective degrees. Distinguished visitors and delegates follow the faculty, and last in the procession comes the president of the institution.

Each member of an academic procession ordinarily wears a cap, gown, and hood. In the procession today military faculty will not wear academic gowns. The earliest illustration of gowns worn at Oxford University somewhat resembles cassocks worn by English teachers who found good use for the hood, or cowl, as protection against the weather. A uniform American system of academic heraldry displays the level of degree, the field of study in which it was earned, and the institution by which it was granted.

It is the hood which provides academic regalia its color and offers the most information about its wearer. The silk lining of the hood bears the color, or colors, of the degree-granting college or university; its velvet facing reveals the color assigned to each area of study. The Bachelor's gown is relatively simple, falling in straight lines from an elaborate yoke and having pointed sleeves. The Master's gown is slightly more elaborate and fastens about the wrist. The Doctor's gown is marked by velvet panels down the front and around the neck, as well as by three bars of the same material on the well-shaped sleeves. It is cut more fully and may be ornamented. The hood worn is three feet in length for Bachelors, three and one-half feet for Masters, and four feet for Doctorates, with velvet trimming of two, three, and five inches in width respectively.

The edging, or facing, velvet of academic hoods indicates the area of study. The principal scholarly fields seen in the procession today include:

<i>Philosophy</i>	<i>Dark Blue</i>
<i>Arts, Letters, Humanities</i>	<i>White</i>
<i>Business Administration</i>	<i>Light Brown</i>
<i>Economics</i>	<i>Copper</i>
<i>Engineering</i>	<i>Orange</i>
<i>Law</i>	<i>Purple</i>
<i>International Affairs/Public Administration</i>	<i>Peacock Blue</i>

The American mortarboard, derived from the soft Oxford cap, is black. Its tassel, for holders of the bachelor's and master's degree, is usually black, while gold tassels are worn by holders of doctoral degrees and heads of institutions. The tassel is worn on the right side of the cap by undergraduates, on the left by holders of bachelor's and higher degrees.

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# PROGRAM

## Master of Ceremonies

Captain Sharon B. Campbell, U.S. Navy  
Dean of Students

## Procession of Students

## Arrival of Official Party\*

## National Anthem\*

Sung by Mrs. Julie Zecher

## Invocation\*

## Introduction

## Graduation Address

Dr. Marc A. Genest  
Forrest Sherman Chair of Public Diplomacy, Strategy  
and Policy Department, and Co-Director of the  
Center on Irregular Warfare and Armed Groups (CIWAG)

## Presentation of Diplomas

## Charge to Graduates

Rear Admiral James P. "Phil" Wisecup, U.S. Navy  
President, U.S. Naval War College

## Benediction\*

\*Guests please stand

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**Rear Admiral James P. "Phil" Wisecup  
President, U.S. Naval War College**

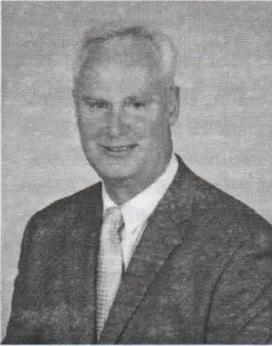
Rear Admiral James 'Phil' Wisecup became the 52nd president of the U.S. Naval War College on Nov. 6, 2008. He most recently served as commander, Carrier Strike Group 7 (Ronald Reagan Strike Group), returning from deployment in October 2008.

A 1977 graduate of the U.S. Naval Academy, Wisecup earned his master's degree in international relations from the University of Southern California, graduated from the Naval War College in 1998, and also earned a degree from the University of Strasbourg, France, as an Olmsted Scholar, in 1982.

At sea, he served as executive officer of USS Valley Forge (CG 50) during Operation *Desert Storm*. As commanding officer, USS Callaghan (DDG 994), he was awarded the Vice Admiral James Stockdale Award for Inspirational Leadership. He served as commander, Destroyer Squadron 21 during Operation *Enduring Freedom* after 9/11.

Ashore, Wisecup was assigned to NATO Headquarters in Brussels, Belgium, served as force planner and ship scheduler for Commander, U.S. Naval Surface Forces, Pacific, and served as action officer for Navy Headquarters Plans/Policy Staff. He served as a fellow on the Chief of Naval Operations Strategic Studies Group; director, White House Situation Room and commander, U.S. Naval Forces Korea.

Wisecup's awards include the Defense Superior Service Medal, Legion of Merit, Bronze Star, and various unit, service and campaign awards.



**Dr. Marc A. Genest**  
**Forrest Sherman Chair of Public Diplomacy,**  
**Strategy and Policy Department, and**  
**Co-Director of the Center on Irregular**  
**Warfare and Armed Groups (CIWAG)**

Dr. Marc A. Genest holds the Forrest Sherman Chair of Public Diplomacy in the Strategy and Policy Department and is Co-Director of the Center on Irregular Warfare and Armed Groups (CIWAG) at the Naval War College in Newport, RI. He is also the Area Study Coordinator for the Insurgency and Terrorism electives program. In

2009, Genest received the Commander's Award for Civilian Service from the Department of the Army for outstanding service as a Special Advisor to the Commander of Task Force Mountain Warrior while stationed in the eastern regional command of Afghanistan. Dr. Genest earned his Ph.D. from Georgetown University in International Politics. Before coming to the Naval War College Professor Genest taught at Georgetown University, the U.S. Air War College and the University of Rhode Island. While at the University of Rhode Island, Professor Genest received the University's Teaching Excellence Award. He also serves as a political commentator for local radio and news stations as well as for RI and national print media. In addition, Dr. Genest worked on Capitol Hill for Senator John Chafee and Representative Claudine Schneider. Dr. Genest has received fellowships and grants from numerous organizations including the United States Institute of Peace, the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency, the Harry S. Truman Foundation, the Foundation for the Defense of Democracy, Smith-Richardson Foundation and the Bradley Foundation. Professor Genest's books include *Negotiating in the Public Eye: The Impact of the Press on the Intermediate-Range Nuclear Force Negotiations*, *Conflict and Cooperation: Evolving Theories of International Relations* and *Stand! Contending Issues in World Politics*. He has also written articles dealing with international relations theory, strategic communication, American foreign policy and public opinion.

in Moscow the strategic situation...  
Commander from 1982 to 1989...  
Office of Liaison, Afghanistan...  
most die before the enemy...  
Ambassador...  
and was a member...  
naval studies at the Naval War College...  
included work in Africa...  
Lieutenant Commander... U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander... U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander... U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander... U.S. Navy



**Ambassador Mary Ann Peters (ret.)  
Provost, U.S. Naval War College**

Ambassador Peters became the fourth Provost of the Naval War College on 18 September 2008. Previously, she held the position of Dean of Academics of the College of International and Security Studies at the George C. Marshall European Center for Security Studies in Garmisch-Partenkirchen, Germany. Prior to becoming the Dean of the College, Ambassador Peters served as Associate Director for International Liaison at the Marshall Center.

Before joining the Marshall Center in 2003, Ambassador Peters spent more than 30 years as a career diplomat with the U.S. Department of State. From 2000 to 2003 Ambassador Peters served as the U.S. Ambassador to Bangladesh, leading the Mission's efforts in support of the war on terrorism and other key U.S. foreign policy goals. She received a Presidential Meritorious Service Award in 2003 for her work in Bangladesh. Prior to her posting in Dhaka, Ambassador Peters was the Deputy Chief of Mission at the United States Embassy in Ottawa, Canada, responsible for the management of the Embassy and supervision of the six U.S. Consulates General in Canada.

From 1995 to 1997, Ambassador Peters served in the White House as Director for European and Canadian Affairs at the National Security Council. Among other portfolios in this position, Ambassador Peters worked on the diplomatic and security aspects of the search for peace in Northern Ireland. From 1993 to 1994, Ambassador Peters served as Deputy Assistant Secretary of State with oversight responsibility for U.S. relations with 19 Western European countries and Canada. In this capacity she acted as the U.S. Chair of the U.S.-Canada military coordination body, the Permanent Joint Board on Defense.

A senior diplomat, fluent in six foreign languages, Ambassador Peters has also served in Sofia, Bulgaria, as Deputy Chief of Mission; in Moscow as Economic Counselor; and in Mandalay, Burma, as Principal Officer. Prior to her assignment in Moscow, she studied Russian at the U.S. Army Russian Institute in Garmisch, Germany. From 1988 to 1990, Ambassador Peters was the Deputy Director of the Office of Pakistan, Afghanistan and Bangladesh Affairs in the U.S. State Department. She began her career as a Vice-Consul in Frankfurt in 1975.

Ambassador Peters holds a Bachelor of Arts degree from Santa Clara University and a Masters in International Studies from the School of Advanced International Studies at The Johns Hopkins University. Her formal education also included course work in Paris, France, and Bologna, Italy.

## COLLEGE OF NAVAL COMMAND AND STAFF

Lieutenant Commander Derek J. Atkinson, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Jessica F. Betz, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Christopher M. Biggs, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Carl W. Brobst Jr., U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Scott T. Brown, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Jason G. Butler, U.S. Navy  
Major Charles H. Canon, U.S. Army  
Lieutenant Commander Michael J. Cassidy, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Matthew A. Chester, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Brian J. Clark, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Kalohi R. Clark, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander William H. Clinton, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Matthew K. Coombs, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Marc D. Crawford, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Kevin D. Culver, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Kevin J. Davis, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander John E. Dolby, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander James J. Fabiszak, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Robert T. Flickinger, U.S. Navy  
Major Jeremy A. Gilkes, U.S. Army  
Major Matthew T. Gill, U.S. Army  
Lieutenant Commander Thomas J. Gilmore, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander David A. Gunn, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Christopher W. Hall, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Justin R. Hodges, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Christopher A. Hoffman, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Michael R. Jarrett, Jr., U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Eric A. Jenkins, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Benjamin T. Keeter, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander David N. Leather, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Douglas W. Leavengood, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander George M. Lowe, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Onofrio P. Margioni, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Harry L. Marsh, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Darryl B. Martin, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Kieran P. Mazzola, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Karl F. McCarthy, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Bryant A. Medeiros, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Brett M. Meskimen, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Thomas A. Money maker III, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Ladislao R. Montero, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Michelle L. Nakamura, U.S. Navy

Commander Craig R. Olson, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander James D. Osborne, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander David C. Palilonis, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Haden U. Patrick, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Jan W. Paul, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Michael S. Payne, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Charles T. Prim, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Daniel R. Prochazka, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander James C. Quick III, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Donald V. Rauch, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Caleb N. Risinger, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Peter G. Rybski, Jr., U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Matthew D. Scarlett, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Luke N. Shank, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Steven J. Shauberger, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Scott P. Smith, U.S. Navy  
Major Thomas B. Smith, U.S. Army  
Lieutenant Commander Steven J. Susalla, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Michael S. Terkanian, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander David C. Terry, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Robert M. Toth, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Brian E. Vandiver, U.S. Navy  
Major Charlie R. Von Bergen, U.S. Marine Corps  
Lieutenant Commander Michael J. Weyenberg, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Mortezi Williams, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Donald M. Wingard, U.S. Navy  
Major Brian D. Winningham, U.S. Army  
Lieutenant Commander Jeffrey M. Yackerer, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander David M. Zielinski, U.S. Navy  
Lieutenant Commander Charles B. Zuhoski, U.S. Navy



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Newport, Rhode Island 02841*

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